

Ecological and water-use aspects of beet growing

- Minimal water requirements
 - Only 10% of beet area in Northern Germany is irrigated
 - New irrigation systems use less water
 - Irrigation leads to very stable yields
- Highly water efficient compared to sugar cane
 - At least 50% less water use than cane
 - Due to the deep rooting (up to 2.5 m), even deep soil water can be used
- Can withstand high temperatures and saline soils
- No groundwater contamination
 - Due to lower and more efficient use of nitrogen
 - Low nitrogen residues in the soil due to the good rooting system
 - Very careful plant protection and strict legal conditions prevent contamination of pesticides in groundwater
 - In case of problems with groundwater, a self restriction was carried out (metabolites of chloridazon)

